## NECROLOGIES

## J. ELMER WYAND (1873—1920)

J. Elmer Wyand was born March 21, 1972, on a farm bear Rusbrille, illies, the son of Georges and Jane (Tipicon) Wyand. He obtained such education as was affected by the country school near his bone, and alter attended Formal School at Rusbrille, Hillionia. Burling a free-great period of tenching thereafter, he studied have it slightly was affaithed the full littless for in 10th, and exabellated his faither in Rusbrille, water ha

Even at this early ported Mr. Wyand schlidted a fast for public service and var surked elected to the Jower Heases of the illihoid legifisators, in 1968 and again in 1981. For several yearse his health and been of the law livery, and went to Sea Autonio, Texas, in yearsh his health. A year there brought a very decided proprosensat, and in the agring of particle the preface of its sense. Herefurey, now Unkahoza, where he shared the preface of its sense.

His intense interest in public affairs again manifested itself in the notive part be played in helping to moid the young State of Okiahome. He was shaftmen of the Nuekogoe County Election Board which convessed the returns of the election at statehood.

In September 1995, he formed a partnership with DeRoos Batlay, under the firm name of Balley & Wyand. Subsequently Charles A. Moon became a member of the firm, and the partnership name was changed to Balley, Wyand & Moon.

1921 Mr. Wyand was Secret to the Lower House of the Oklahoma Ingiliature, from Studence Control. Me was very series as a member of member of the Studence Control. Me was very series as a member of the House, and with Jedge E. P. Hill. of McAlester, formed a governed the House transfer with the Control of the House transfer with the Control of the Co

In 1918, after Mr. Balley's death. Mr. Wyand formed a law partnership with the late Hower Brondens and C. A. Ambrister, of Muckagee.

Mr. Wrand was naturaled to Los Ney Long in 1916, and the family hone was multistated for many years on Eure Broadway, near the Libers, in Manaceae, Gillabowa. In the fail of 1916 as lest his left care in a mainting reason of the fill and the family of the fact in the familiar to the family of the fact in the contradict care of the fill and only the includingly and they have settle in the chosen profession. If it lest public service was devoted to the City of Mankagon, where he was elected Manyer in 1916. If any Wyang was not a number of any fodge or others, but he tendered in an Campioscal God. a number of any fodge or others, but he tendered in an Campioscal God. a number of any fodge or others, but he tendered in an Campioscal God. survived by Talk 1916. In cased was only in the Sandy house in Management.

-B. E. Witchell



J. ELMER WYAND

## HON. JOE NEWBERRY (1865—1952)

The name Nawherty is found in the earliest recorded bistory of the Colichasaw Indians. In the Pointston Fresty of 1883, in which the Chickasawa negotiated with the United States government for the sale of their Missishappi lands, the name Nawherry appears with other illustrious teaders as like-k-b-to-pa, Tishomingo, and Lari College.

The father of Joe Newberry, Lewis, was born in Mississippi and came to the foliain Territory in 1831, whos he was shown years old, with other magabers of his iribe and settled near the present town of Durant. Okinboms. It is believed that the Newberry who signed the Postotoc Treaty was the father of Lewis Hawhery.

When Lawls was of school say, he was sent back to Tennessee to cheel. The education he recoined, he complication with his natural intelligence and methodic blicking, proved turnbashs to him in later years [He are to be a sent to be a sent to be a sent to be a sent to be a [He many of the plenessing Chicksawa, he saw the meef or leadership in his tribs. He was obscied to the Legislature and later represented the interests at the Chicksawa as delegate to Weshington, D. C. during the

Levis Newherry married Lincy Hewkina, who also came from Mikesiapply, and to the united five diffices never beer; only three level to the state of the levis of the levis of the levis of the levis Newherry was custanding for two qualities: the abstirty to speak well holders an unified to the levis of the Chicksaw and Checker Sations. Levis Newherry died at the homo central the levis of the levis of the levis of the levis of the two states of the levis of the levis of the levis of the levis of the two states of the levis of the levis of the levis of the levis of the two states of the levis of t

Jos Newberry was born on his feiber's farm sear Purant on October, 1886, when the pointers and secretly of the Oktobers Neithou were at their lowest shi, for the Cell War Med Jost Fees concluded. He strong the fees on the parameter farm. Through the influence of his futber and his brother, Martin, he became interested in Chickassaw politics, and served his nation as a member of the legislations of new section 1887. The vestra is the Gross and

During the alternant paried for selected his land in the Red River Valley, near the present town of Wills, Online, in Oursider, 1835, be well-known sections of the State of the State of the State of a well-known sections family of English origin. Two of Mrs. Newbergy's relatives have slope held to effect of prevent of the state of the New State of the State of the State of the State of the State before the State of the State of the State of the State of the United States from Debrokies, English. To the nursinger of Sea and Mary Newhere's very born every officers: Frankin Carlie, States, Matth.

Mr. Nawherry served as a member of school boards for several years and slaves took an active, progressive between the declaration of the Chicksane youth. On September 26, 1900, while he was Speaker 4, the thouge, sitty-face pupils from Harley Institute, at Tishomilane, add speak a putilion to the Honorable Someters and Representatives of the Legisustars of the Chicksane Nation:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Harley Institute file in the Chickensw section of the Indian Archives, O.H.S.

"We the understand members of the students of the Harley Institute, so most respectfully patition your bonorable body so pase a tax probability the oitsendance upon this institution of any and all bodys who smoke Cigarettee, and to exclude and expell say and all students who use or scoke Cigarettes Who shall not quit and advision from the use of the same while in action, within the days from the passage and approval of and law."

The bill was recommended by Mr. Newberry but was killed in the Senate on October 30, 1904.

An act typical of the character of Joe Newberry is the following: in the early part of the 1904 Legislature, a bill was passed appropriating 5000 for school books to be used in the neighborhood schools of the Chickage Nutlog. On November 18, 1994, the Chickage Legislature passed a law, known as the General School Law, which voided the one passed a few days before. During the time between the passage and the ropeol of the bill. Mr. Newberry purchased \$141.00 to books for the Reighborhood schools and paid for them out of his own funds. On March 6, 1906, when the final curtain was being drawn on the tribal affairs, someone found the lavoice which had never been mentioned by Mr. Newbarry. As a result the following act was passed: "We deem is unjust to the said Joe Newberry should lose anything, personally, on account of the transaction from which the Nation received all the benefit." Mr. Newborry's money was refunded. The period just prior and during the administration of Joe Newtierry as tribal Superintendent of Schools was the most difficult In the history of Chicksony education. Under the rules of the Curtis Act. the ladium Bureau was to assume control of all the educational affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes. J. B. Benedict, a school man from Illinois. had been appointed by the Bureau Superintendent-al-large for schools of the Five Civilized Tribus, and J. M. Simpson was elected as the Chickasaw Superintendent. The Chickanawa resented the plan so hitterly that the Bureau of Indian Affairs withdrew their representative to the Chickensew Nation, and at the same time, withheld all payments of royalties. This forced the Chickness Nation to support their echools out of their other limited tribal funds. Without the income from the regulties the Chickessw educational system could not function efficiently. It was not long until much of the school equipment and supplies needed replacement. Only the teachers, who remained loyal to their profession, were unchanged. Re-ports were made throughout the United States of the poor conditions of the Chickenaw schools during this period. However true some of these were yet the majority of the decogatory reports were given by men who wished to force the close of the Chickssaw government.

The financial affairs of the Neillou's educational department replifting re-worse. To bencher, it flow years fortunate enough to obtain one for the property of the College and State of the Chicago and August Mallon, cader the could hold out to longer and they agreed to be regulation made by the lights forced. As a rewit, the warroot were pick out of the accumulated

Just before Oktaboum atalechood, while Mr. Newberry was still Superintendent of Chickasaw Schools, bu United Salaw Compress ensated a law providing rural schools in the Iodian Territory, day schools for white and Indians, and sparate schools for Negros. The Chickasaw Legislature passed as net to suspend all the Chickasaw National Schools after the date of Lanuary 31, 1993, from which time they were operated by Ce

Misorilaneous School Papers of the Chickson, Indian Archives, O.H.S.



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indian Bureau. In the same session of the Lagislature an act was passed giving the complete library of Bloomilaid Academy to Joe Newberry for his faithful Jarrice to the schools of his people. Mr. Newborry declined the after of the library.

Due to the disse-taking task of concluding tribal effeirs. Mr. Newberty remaind Tribal Separitenedset smill 1821, when the office was abuilthed. During his soline tenues of office, loss Newberry made a four of such webcol once a month during the term to check on the progress of the pupils, the efficiency of the leachers and the watts of the achool. This trip was always made by horse and beggy.

Stoical and reticent in disposition, little is known of the personal lits of Joe Newberry. Mrs. Newberry lived until 1844. On May 17, 1853, at his home in the seat part of Thhomlago, death came to the leat Superistonism of Shooks of the hold Chicksawe nation. The Johnston County Copied Democrat Superistonism of the hold Chicksawe nation. The Johnston County Copied Democrat Superist Democ

"Joe Newberry, 87, an early day Chicksanw leader, died Saturday at his bome sust of Tishomingo after a long period of invalidates and a sovere stroke suffered a few weeks ago.

"Services were conducted Monday by Dr. C. R. Murray, pastor of the Prestyterian-Christian Cherch in Tiebombogo, and burial was in the Newberry plot of the Willis, Dishbours, cometery.

"Soon after coming to Tishomingo, he united with the Presbyterion. Church, and for some time served as eider in the church. He also gave much of his time to assisting in the religious services of the Chickness."

-Carl Renbin

Tiskomingo, Oldahoma